

NMB BANK LIMITED

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As on
Poush End 2079 (January 14, 2023)
(Unaudited)



NMB BANK
एनएमबि बैंक
समृद्ध नेपालको लागि

A JOINT VENTURE WITH
FMO
Entrepreneurial
Development
Bank
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Bank of the Year, ASIA 2021
Bank of the Year, Nepal
2017, 2018, 2020 & 2021

NMB Bank Limited
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
As on Quarter Ended Poush 30, 2079 (January 14, 2023)

NPR in Thousand

Particulars	Group		NMB	
	This Quarter Ending	Immediate Previous Year Ending	This Quarter Ending	Immediate Previous Year Ending
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalent	13,081,236	13,328,689	12,289,933	12,787,637
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	13,601,452	13,774,314	13,574,452	13,747,314
Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions	647,528	3,782,289	647,528	3,782,289
Derivative financial instruments	14,064,058	5,293,773	14,064,058	5,293,773
Other trading assets	16,100	25,229	16,100	-
Loan and advances to B/FIs	5,395,356	5,920,095	6,596,313	5,920,095
Loans and advances to customers	188,971,356	179,544,981	183,430,287	174,948,356
Investment securities	31,362,533	32,008,952	31,252,039	31,724,847
Current tax assets	-	54,121	-	55,329
Investment in subsidiaries	-	-	572,488	372,488
Investment in associates	-	-	-	-
Investment property	311,747	295,162	311,747	295,162
Property and equipment	1,803,219	1,816,284	1,736,858	1,764,130
Goodwill and Intangible assets	209,860	232,051	203,726	226,513
Deferred tax assets	372,688	347,279	362,730	338,965
Other assets	4,889,190	4,042,756	4,527,156	3,893,713
Total Assets	274,726,323	260,465,973	269,585,412	255,150,610
Liabilities				
Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	2,283,600	2,082,436	2,293,087	2,082,436
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	4,394,695	8,996,367	4,394,695	8,996,367
Derivative financial instruments	14,196,991	5,351,098	14,196,991	5,351,098
Deposits from customers	193,730,976	186,501,126	192,638,001	184,817,106
Borrowing	17,019,829	14,745,016	15,270,000	12,997,400
Current Tax Liabilities	142,695	-	123,934	-
Provisions	14,354	1,600	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	37,040	22,211	-	-
Other liabilities	6,354,844	6,609,408	5,302,275	5,907,387
Debt securities issued	8,165,021	8,127,854	8,165,021	8,127,854
Subordinated Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	246,340,044	232,437,116	242,384,004	228,279,648
Equity				
Share capital	18,366,706	18,366,706	18,366,706	18,366,706
Share premium	37,216	37,216	-	-
Retained earnings	1,698,485	2,009,905	1,230,224	1,550,781
Reserves	7,731,022	7,076,560	7,604,479	6,953,475
Total equity attributable to equity holders	27,833,429	27,490,387	27,201,409	26,870,962
Non-controlling interest	552,850	538,470	-	-
Total equity	28,386,279	28,028,857	27,201,409	26,870,962
Total liabilities and equity	274,726,323	260,465,973	269,585,412	255,150,610

NMB Bank Limited
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss
For the quarter ended Poush 30, 2079 (January 14, 2023)

NPR in Thousand

Particulars	Group				NMB			
	Current Year		Previous Year Corresponding		Current Year		Previous Year Corresponding	
	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)
Interest income	6,848,428	13,397,883	4,451,531	8,587,171	6,662,669	12,993,217	4,255,595	8,184,657
Interest expense	4,523,748	8,897,311	3,021,594	5,591,407	4,447,662	8,723,929	2,962,135	5,469,141
Net interest income	2,324,680	4,500,572	1,429,937	2,995,763	2,215,007	4,269,288	1,293,460	2,715,516
Fees and Commission Income	454,429	1,048,004	444,770	1,089,531	413,146	946,004	384,211	964,584
Fees and commission expense	64,818	116,274	54,714	100,782	64,818	116,274	54,714	100,782
Net fee and commission income	389,611	931,731	390,056	988,750	348,328	829,730	329,498	863,803
Net interest, fee and commission income	2,714,291	5,432,303	1,819,993	3,984,513	2,563,335	5,099,018	1,622,958	3,579,318
Net trading income	52,717	118,384	72,578	169,414	52,717	118,384	72,578	169,414
Other operating income	74,468	185,382	160,525	395,193	71,500	178,566	156,987	389,626
Total operating income	2,841,476	5,736,069	2,053,095	4,549,120	2,687,553	5,395,969	1,852,523	4,138,358
Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other los	228,708	671,227	36,449	(144,331)	194,992	621,965	25,466	(165,452)
Net operating income	2,612,768	5,064,842	2,016,646	4,693,451	2,492,561	4,774,003	1,827,057	4,303,810
Operating expense								
Personnel expenses	762,532	1,515,163	643,076	1,439,729	720,875	1,389,706	563,460	1,290,397
Other operating expenses	289,177	573,647	270,608	518,088	266,914	511,836	246,183	464,491
Depreciation & Amortisation	81,101	159,841	67,915	131,892	78,040	153,794	64,495	125,935
Operating Profit	1,479,957	2,816,192	1,035,047	2,603,742	1,426,732	2,718,666	952,919	2,422,987
Non operating income	5,865	6,314	1,250	1,405	5,761	6,044	1,405	1,405
Non operating expense	23,610	23,610	192	192	23,610	23,610	-	-
Profit before income tax	1,462,212	2,798,896	1,036,104	2,604,954	1,408,883	2,701,100	954,324	2,424,392
Income tax expense								
Current Tax	421,503	820,866	302,778	758,043	411,865	799,948	287,242	712,872
Deferred Tax expense/(Income)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the period	1,040,709	1,978,030	733,326	1,846,911	997,018	1,901,153	667,082	1,711,519

NMB Bank Limited
Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income
For the quarter ended Poush 30, 2079 (January 14, 2023)

NPR in Thousand

Particulars	Group				NMB			
	Current Year		Previous Year Corresponding		Current Year		Previous Year Corresponding	
	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)
Profit for the period	1,040,709	1,978,030	733,326	1,846,911	997,018	1,901,153	667,082	1,711,519
Other comprehensive income								
a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss								
- Gains/(losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value	24,223	(84,699)	23,300	10,350	22,106	(79,218)	20,344	14,841
- Gains/(losses) on revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Income tax relating to above items	(7,267)	25,410	(6,990)	(3,105)	(6,632)	23,765	(6,103)	(4,452)
Net other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	16,956	(59,289)	16,310	7,245	15,474	(55,453)	14,241	10,389
b) Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss								
- Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Exchange gains/(losses) (arising from translating financial assets of foreign operation)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Income tax relating to above items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net other comprehensive income that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted as per equited method								
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax	16,956	(59,289)	16,310	7,245	15,474	(55,453)	14,241	10,389
Total comprehensive income for the period	1,057,665	1,918,741	749,636	1,854,156	1,012,492	1,845,700	681,323	1,721,908
Total comprehensive income attributable to:								
Equity holders of the Bank	1,044,813	1,902,460	728,710	1,811,156	1,012,492	1,845,700	681,323	1,721,908
Non-controlling interest	12,852	16,281	20,927	43,001	-	-	-	-
Total	1,057,665	1,918,741	749,636	1,854,156	1,012,492	1,845,700	681,323	1,721,908
Earnings per share								
Basic earnings per share		10.68		9.82		10.35		9.32
Annualized Basic earnings per share		21.36		19.64		20.70		18.64
Diluted earnings per share		21.36		19.64		20.70		18.64

NMB Bank Limited
Condensed Consolidated Statement of changes in equity
For the period (Shrawan 1, 2079 to Poush 30, 2079) ended Poush 30, 2079

NPR in Thousand

Particulars	NMB Attributable to equity holders of the Bank										Non-controlling interest	Total equity
	Share Capital	Share premium	General reserve	Exchange equalisation reserve	Regulatory reserve	Fair value reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained earning	Other reserve	Total		
Balance at Shrawan 1, 2078	16,325,961	-	3,647,758	125,183	1,027,265	174,584	-	2,515,522	127,681	23,943,953	-	23,943,953
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,291,094	-	3,291,094	-	3,291,094
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	133,681	-	-	(30,839)	102,842	-	102,842
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	133,681	-	3,291,094	(30,839)	3,393,936	-	3,393,936
Transfer to reserves	-	-	668,964	17,025	486,238	-	-	(1,817,722)	645,495	-	-	-
Transfer from reserves	-	-	-	-	-	(53,724)	-	53,724	(1,000)	(1,000)	-	(1,000)
Contribution from and distributions to owner	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share issued/Merger Transfer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonus shares issued	2,040,745	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(87,665)	1,953,081	-	1,953,081
Cash dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,953,081)	-	(1,953,081)	-	(1,953,081)
Goodwill Recognition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(538,757)	72,829	(465,928)	-	(465,928)
Total contributions by and distributions	2,040,745	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,491,837)	(14,835)	(465,928)	-	(465,928)
Balance at Asar end 2079	18,366,706	-	4,316,721	142,208	1,513,503	254,541	-	1,550,781	726,501	26,870,962	-	26,870,962
Balance at Asar end 2079	18,366,706	-	4,316,721	142,208	1,513,503	254,541	-	1,550,781	726,501	26,870,962	-	26,870,962
Prior Period Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted/Restated balance at Shrawan 1, 2079	18,366,706	-	4,316,721	142,208	1,513,503	254,541	-	1,550,781	726,501	26,870,962	-	26,870,962
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,901,153	-	1,901,153	-	1,901,153
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	(55,453)	-	-	-	(55,453)	-	(55,453)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	(55,453)	-	1,901,153	-	1,845,700	-	1,845,700
Transfer to Reserves	-	-	-	-	706,457	-	-	(706,457)	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Merger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution from and distributions to owner	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share issued to merged entity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends to equity holders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonus shares capitalized	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,515,253)	-	(1,515,253)	-	(1,515,253)
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total contributions by and distributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,515,253)	-	(1,515,253)	-	(1,515,253)
Balance at Poush end 2079	18,366,706	-	4,316,721	142,208	2,219,959	199,089	-	1,230,224	726,501	27,201,409	-	27,201,409

NMB Bank Limited
Condensed Consolidated Statement of changes in equity
For the period (Shrawan 1, 2079 to Poush 30, 2079) ended Poush 30, 2079

Particulars	Group Attributable to equity holders of the Group										Non-controlling interest	Total equity
	Share Capital	Share premium	General reserve	Exchange equalisation reserve	Regulatory reserve	Fair value reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained earning	Other reserve	Total		
Balance at Shrawan 1, 2078	16,325,961	37,216	3,692,361	125,183	1,027,265	174,584	-	2,868,079	170,781	24,421,430	466,606	24,888,036
Adjustment/Restatement	-	-	-	-	18,219	13,940	-	(142)	(13,940)	18,077	-	18,077
Balance at Shrawan 1, 2078	16,325,961	37,216	3,692,361	125,183	1,045,484	188,525	-	2,867,937	156,840	24,439,507	466,606	24,906,113
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,470,516	-	3,470,516	72,110	3,542,627
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	129,234	-	-	(31,037)	98,198	595	98,793
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	129,234	-	3,470,516	(31,037)	3,568,714	72,705	3,641,419
Transfer to reserves	-	-	686,146	17,025	496,705	-	-	(1,835,563)	650,139	14,453	14,397	28,850
Transfer from reserves	-	-	-	-	-	(55,628)	-	53,724	(1,774)	(3,678)	(304.14)	(3,982)
Contribution from and distributions to owner	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Merger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goodwill Recognition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,829	72,829	-	72,829
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonus shares issued	2,040,745	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,004,838)	(87,665)	(51,758)	-	(51,758)
Cash dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(541,872)	(7,809)	(549,681)	(14,934)	(564,615)
Total contributions by and distributions	2,040,745	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,546,710)	(22,645)	(528,610)	(14,934)	(543,543)
Balance at Asar end 2079	18,366,706	37,216	4,378,508	142,208	1,542,189	262,131	-	2,009,905	751,524	27,490,387	538,470	28,028,857
Balance at Asar end 2079	18,366,706	37,216	4,378,508	142,208	1,542,189	262,131	-	2,009,905	751,524	27,490,387	538,470	28,028,857
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,354)	7,295	(2,059)	(1,901)	(3,960)
Adjusted/Restated balance at Shrawan 1, 2079	18,366,706	37,216	4,378,508	142,208	1,542,189	262,131	-	2,000,551	758,819	27,488,327	536,569	28,024,897
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,961,749	-	1,961,749	16,281	1,978,030
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	(59,289)	-	-	-	(59,289)	-	(59,289)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	(59,289)	-	1,961,749	-	1,902,460	16,281	1,918,741
Transfer to Reserves	-	-	-	-	706,457	-	-	(706,457)	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Merger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution from and distributions to owner	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share issued to merged entity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends to equity holders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonus shares issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,557,359)	-	(1,557,359)	-	(1,557,359)
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total contributions by and distributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,557,359)	-	(1,557,359)	-	(1,557,359)
Balance at Poush end 2079	18,366,706	37,216	4,378,508	142,208	2,248,645	202,842	-	1,698,485	758,819	27,833,429	552,850	28,386,279

NMB Bank Limited
Condensed Consolidated Statement of cash flows
For the period (Shrawan 1, 2079 to Poush 30, 2079) ended Poush 30, 2079

NPR in Thousand

Particulars	Group		NMB	
	Upto This Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Upto This Quarter	Upto This Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Upto This Quarter
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received	11,312,272	7,860,517	10,935,381	7,481,414
Fees and other income received	1,052,369	1,010,054	948,591	884,272
Dividend received	-	-	-	-
Receipts from other operating activities	160,865	185,215	155,567	179,910
Interest paid	(8,922,053)	(5,398,487)	(8,693,766)	(5,246,296)
Commission and fees paid	(116,274)	(100,782)	(116,274)	(100,782)
Cash payment to employees	(1,497,315)	(1,763,031)	(1,402,062)	(1,674,394)
Other expense paid	(538,131)	(508,791)	(481,374)	(453,396)
Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities	1,451,733	1,284,694	1,346,064	1,070,729
(Increase)/Decrease in operating assets				
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	172,862	9,641,013	172,862	9,644,013
Placement with bank and financial institutions	2,095,930	4,283,123	2,095,930	4,283,123
Other trading assets	(16,100)	(138,100)	(16,100)	(138,100)
Loan and advances to bank and financial institutions	(671,314)	(515,282)	(671,314)	(515,282)
Loans and advances to customers	(7,426,518)	(21,767,332)	(7,732,105)	(21,106,634)
Other assets	289,816	(864,799)	171,820	(556,861)
Total	(5,555,324)	(9,361,376)	(5,978,907)	(8,389,741)
Increase/(Decrease) in operating liabilities				
Due to bank and financial institutions	722,592	(971,658)	722,592	(971,658)
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	(4,601,671)	7,431,894	(4,601,671)	7,431,894
Deposit from customers	7,280,730	18,149,400	7,808,953	17,292,499
Borrowings	2,219,552	(632,470)	2,272,600	(915,310)
Other liabilities	180,195	(1,555,788)	(245,029)	(1,269,788)
Net cash flow from operating activities before tax paid	5,801,398	22,421,379	5,957,445	21,567,638
Income taxes paid	(610,000)	(635,340)	(580,000)	(605,340)
Net cash flow from operating activities	1,087,806	13,709,358	744,602	13,643,286
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of investment securities	(10,114,066)	(12,950,540)	(10,075,227)	(12,926,969)
Receipts from sale of investment securities	9,484,890	6,670,956	9,484,890	6,670,956
Purchase of property and equipment	(105,708)	(143,310)	(96,271)	(132,492)
Receipt from the sale of property and equipment	10,859	143,376	10,859	143,376
Purchase of intangible assets	(5,678)	(9,905)	(5,272)	(10,013)
Receipt from the sale of intangible assets	-	-	-	-
Purchase of investment properties	(16,585)	(94,963)	(16,585)	(94,963)
Receipt from the sale of investment properties	-	-	-	-
Investment in subsidiaries, associates & joint ventures	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-
Interest received	1,031,560	604,107	1,031,560	604,107
Dividend received	109,397	141,830	109,397	141,830
Net cash used in investing activities	194,669	(5,638,450)	243,351	(5,604,169)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Receipt from issue of debt securities	-	-	-	-
Repayment of debt securities	-	-	-	-
Receipt from issue of subordinated liabilities	-	-	-	-
Repayment of subordinated liabilities	-	-	-	-
Receipt from issue of shares	-	-	-	-
Dividends paid	(1,557,359)	-	(1,515,253)	-
Interest paid	-	-	-	-
Other receipt/payment	(2,166)	(24,222)	-	-
Net cash from financing activities	(1,559,524)	(24,222)	(1,515,253)	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(277,049)	8,046,685	(527,301)	8,039,118
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	13,328,689	14,442,664	12,787,637	13,887,371
Cash and cash equivalents acquired from the merger	-	-	-	-
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents held	29,596	42,353	29,596	42,353
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	13,081,236	22,531,703	12,289,933	21,968,842

Ratios as per NRB Directives

Particulars	Group				NMB			
	Current Year		Previous Year Corresponding		Current Year		Previous Year Corresponding	
	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)
Capital fund to RWA		12.87%		14.15%		12.74%		14.08%
Non performing loan (NPL) to toal loan		2.32%		1.57%		2.24%		1.49%
Total loan loss provision to Total NPL (As per NRB Directives)		122.08%		163.47%		125.01%		171.70%
Cost of Funds (YTD)		8.20%		5.82%		8.16%		5.78%
CD Ratio - Average of the Month		87.25%		90.47%		87.25%		90.47%
Base Rate -Average for the quarter		10.68%		8.47%		10.68%		8.47%
Average Interest Spread (Calculated as per NRB Directives)- Last Month of Quarter		4.19%		2.64%		4.19%		2.64%
Additional Informations:								
Return on Equity (Annualized)		14.18%		14.41%		14.06%		13.95%
Return on Assets (Annualized)		1.47%		1.49%		1.45%		1.44%
PE Ratio (Annualized)		11.88		18.96		11.88		18.96
Net-Worth per share (NPR)		151.54		139.71		148.10		136.80
Assets per share (NPR)		1,492.77		1,357.52		1,467.79		1,329.72
Liquidity Ratio (NLA)		25.40%		24.61%		25.40%		24.61%

NMB BANK LIMITED

Notes to Interim Financial Statements

For the interim period ended 14 January, 2023 (Poush End 2079)

1. General Information

- 1.1 **Reporting Entity:** NMB Bank Limited (hereinafter referred to as “the Bank”) is a limited liability company domiciled in Nepal. The registered office of the Bank is G.P.O. Box 11543, Babar Mahal, Kathmandu, Nepal. The Bank has a primary listing in the Nepal Stock Exchange Limited, the only Stock Exchange in Nepal.

The Bank carries out commercial banking activities in Nepal licensed under the Bank and Financial Institutions Act, 2006 as Class “A” financial institution in May 2008 and has been operating in the Nepalese Financial market for over twenty seven years.

1.2 Subsidiary:

- a. NMB Capital Ltd. (NMBCL) is a 100% subsidiary company of the Bank and was incorporated on September 17, 2010 as a public limited company as per the Companies Act 2063. It is into Merchant and investment banking licensed by Securities Board of Nepal under the Securities Businessperson (Merchant Banker) Regulations, 2008.
- b. NMB Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd. (NMBMF) is incorporated as a public limited company under Companies Act, 2063 and licensed by Nepal Rastra Bank as “D” Class financial institution having Nation Wide working area to operate its microfinance program under Bank and Financial Institution Act 2006. As at the interim period ended date, the bank holds 51% controlling interest in the NMBMF.
- c. NMB Securities Limited is a 100% subsidiary company of the bank and was incorporated on 21 June 2021 and is yet to start the brokerage business.

The interim period of all of the subsidiaries is same as that of the Bank.

- 1.3 “Group” represents The Bank and the subsidiaries.

2. Basis of preparation

The Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Nepal Accounting Standard (NAS)-34 “Interim Financial Reporting” published by

the Nepal Accounting Standards Board (NASB) and pronounced by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN). The disclosures made in the condensed consolidated interim financial information have been limited based on the format prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank and should be read in conjunction with the Bank's last annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 Asar 2079. They do not include all of the information required for a complete set of Nepal Financial Reporting Standards ("NFRS") financial statements. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Bank's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention with some exceptions described in the relevant sections.

The interim cash flow statement has been prepared using the direct method whereby operating profit is adjusted for effects of non-cash transactions such as depreciation and loan losses. The cash flow is classified by operating, investing and financing activities.

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements comprise of:

- Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position,
- Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss,
- Condensed Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income,
- Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity,
- Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and
- Notes to Interim Financial Statements
- Ratios as per NRB Directive

3. Statement of Compliance with NFRS

The Financial Statements of the Group which comprises components mentioned above have been prepared in accordance with Nepal Accounting Standards comprising of Nepal Financial Reporting Standards and Nepal Accounting Standards (hereafter referred as NFRS), laid down by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal and in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2063 and generally Accepted Accounting Principles and directives of Nepal Rastra Bank.

4. Basis of Consolidation

In preparing the Consolidated Interim Financial Statement, the financial statements of the Bank and the Subsidiary are combined line by line by adding together Assets, Liabilities, Equity, Income and Expenses. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements".

Para 8 of NFRS 10 outlines three conditions to be fulfilled in order to establish control:

- (a) Power over the investee;

(b) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and

(c) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns

Non-Controlling Interest (NCI) refers to ownership of a company, which does not give the shareholder the control of the company.

5. Materiality and Aggregation

In compliance with Nepal Accounting Standard - NAS 01 (Presentation of Financial Statements), each material class of similar items is presented separately in the Financial Statements. Items of dissimilar nature or functions too are presented separately unless they are immaterial. Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Profit or Loss unless required or permitted by an Accounting Standard.

6. Business Combination

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when control is transferred to the Group as per NFRS 3. The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired. The Bank had combined the business as per Merger and Acquisition Bylaws 2073 issued by central bank during the previous years. However, after the issuance of the Explanatory Note Accounting for Business Combination dated 2079.04.15, the Carve out no. 3 and 4 on NFRS 3: Business Combination issued by ICAN on 2077.07.25 stands withdrawn and accordingly, the goodwill has been recognized as per the said guidelines in FY 2021/22.

7. Foreign Exchange Transactions

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as on the balance sheet date have been converted into local currency at mid-point exchange rates published by Nepal Rastra Bank after adjustment for effective trading rate.

Net difference arising from the conversion of foreign currency assets and liabilities is accounted for as revaluation gain/loss under Other Operating Income.

Income realised from the difference between buying and selling rates of Foreign Exchange is accounted for as trading gains and shown under "Net Trading Income".

8. Functional and presentation currency

The Interim financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupees (NPR), the functional currency of Group entities. There is no change in the Group's presentation and functional currency during the period under review. All figures in

the accounts are presented in thousand.

9. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

As part of the process of preparing the interim financial statements in conformity with NFRS, the Bank's management is required to make certain judgements, estimates and assumptions that may affect the Bank's profits, its financial position and other information presented in the Report. These estimates are based on available information and the judgements made by the Bank's management. Actual outcomes may deviate from the assessments made, and such deviations may at times be significant.

The Bank uses various valuation models and techniques to estimate the fair values of assets and liabilities. There are significant uncertainties related to these estimates and these estimates are highly dependent on market data, such as the level of interest rates, currency rates and other factors. The uncertainties related to these estimates are reflected mainly in the statement of financial position. The bank undertakes continuous development in order to improve the basis for fair value estimates, with regard to both modelling and market data. Changes in estimates resulting from refinements in assumptions and methodologies are reflected in the period in which the enhancements are first applied. Judgements and estimates are also associated with impairment testing of loans and claims.

The significant judgments made by Management in applying the Bank's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 Asar 2079 (16 July 2022).

10. Basis for classification and measurement

The interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for:

- As per NFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", Investment Securities (investment in equity shares and mutual funds) are measured at fair value.
- As per NAS 40 'Investment Property' (land and building acquired as non-banking assets) are measured at fair value.
- As per NAS 19 "Employee Benefits", Liabilities for employee defined benefit obligations and liabilities for long service leave are measured at fair value.

The Bank classifies its financial assets into the following categories: those measured at amortised cost, and those measured at fair value. This classification depends on both the contractual characteristics of the assets and the business model adopted for their management.

Financial assets at amortised cost

An investment is classified at “amortised cost” only if it is not designated as a FVTPL and both of the following criteria are met: the objective of the Bank’s business model is to hold the assets in order to collect the contractual cash flows, and the contractual terms of the financial assets must give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are only payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

If either of the two criteria above is not met, the asset cannot be classified in the amortised cost category and must be classified at fair value.

Determination of fair value

The fair value of financial instruments, including derivative instruments that are traded in a liquid market, is the bid or offered closing price on the balance sheet date. Where the fair values cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques, which include the use of mathematical models. The input to these models is taken from observable market data where possible. Fair values are measured using different valuation models and techniques. This process involves determining future expected cash flows, which can then be discounted to the balance sheet date. The estimation of future cash flows for these instruments is subject to assumptions on market data, the fair value estimate may therefore be subject to variations and may not be realisable in the market. Under different market assumptions, the values could also differ significantly.

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Quoted market prices (unadjusted) in an active market for identical instruments.

Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.

Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and where the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument’s valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

11. Financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets refer to assets that arise from contractual agreements on future cash flows or from owning equity instruments of another entity. Since financial

assets derive their value from a contractual claim, these are nonphysical in form and are usually regarded as being more liquid than other tangible assets.

Financial liabilities are obligations that arise from contractual agreements and that require settlement by way of delivering cash or another financial asset. Settlement could also require exchanging other financial assets or financial liabilities under potentially unfavourable conditions. Settlement may also be made by issuing own equity instruments.

12. Recognition and de-recognition of financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the statement of financial position on a settlement date basis, except for derivative instruments, which are recognized on a trade date basis.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

A financial liability is derecognised from the statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

13. Offsetting

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset and the net amount recognised only where there is a legal right to do so and the intention is to settle on a net basis.

14. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise monetary assets and placements with original maturities of three months or less, calculated from the date the acquisition and placements were made.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as financial asset and are measured at amortized cost in SoFP.

Restricted deposits are not included in cash and cash equivalents. These are measured at amortized cost and presented as a line item on the face of consolidated Statement of Financial Position (SoFP).

15. Impairment

Impairment of financial assets

The Bank assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events occurring after the initial recognition of the asset (a loss event), and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The Bank considers the following factors in assessing objective evidence of impairment:

- a significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
- Where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial assets in the group, including adverse changes in repayment patterns or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Assets carried at amortised cost

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (such as amounts due from Banks, loans and advances to customers as well as held-to-maturity investments are impaired, and impairment losses are recognized, only if there is objective evidence as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset. The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the deemed recoverable value of loan.

The recoverable value of loan is estimated on the basis of realizable value of collateral and the conduct of the borrower/past experience of the bank. Assets that are individually assessed and for which no impairment exists are grouped with financial assets with similar credit risk statistics and collectively assessed for impairment. The credit risk statistics for each group of the loan and advances are determined by management prudently being based on the past experience.

Subsequent reversal of impairment loss, due to factors such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating, is recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The reversal shall not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized at the date the impairment is reversed. Financial assets (and the related impairment allowance accounts) are written off either partially or in full, when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Where financial assets are secured, this is generally after receipt of any proceeds from the realization of security. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the 'Income Statement'.

At each reporting date the Bank assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may have been impaired. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is determined.

. For individual impairment, bank considers Top 50 loan clients and loans above delinquency of 90 days.

For the purpose of collective assessment of impairment bank has categorized

assets in to four broad products as follows:

1. OD Loan
2. Retail EMI
3. Working Capital
4. Term Loan

16. Derivative assets and derivative liabilities

Derivative assets and derivative liabilities (derivatives) create rights and obligations that have the effect of transferring between the parties to the instrument one or more of the financial risks inherent in an underlying primary financial instrument. However, they generally do not result in a transfer of the underlying primary financial instrument on inception of the contract, nor does such a transfer necessarily take place on maturity of the contract.

Derivative financial instruments meet the definition of a financial instrument and are accounted for as derivative financial asset or derivative financial liability measured at FVTPL and corresponding fair value changes are recognized in profit or loss.

17. Grant

Grant is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Income approach is followed in recording grant income. Grants related to the assets including non-monetary grants at fair value is presented in the statement of financial position by setting up Deferred Grant Income. Grants related to income are presented as part of profit or loss under other income.

18. Deposits from customers and BFIs and Debt Securities

These are classified as financial liabilities measured at amortized cost.

19. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized only when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity. In some cases, this may not be probable until the consideration is received or until an uncertainty is removed.

Revenue is derived substantially from banking business and related activities and comprises net interest income and non-interest income. Income is recognised on an accrual basis in the period in which it accrues. The Group applies NFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers in the accounting of revenue, unless otherwise stated. The bank has adopted carve out issued by ICAN for effective interest rate.

a. Net interest income

Interest income and expenses are recognised in profit or loss for all interest-bearing instruments on an accrual basis using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the expected estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or liability. Where financial assets have been impaired, interest income continues to be recognised on the Gross value, based on the original effective interest rate.

b. Fees and commission income

Fees and commission income is generally recognised when the related services are provided or on execution of a significant act. Fees charged for servicing a loan are recognised as revenue as the service is provided. The upfront fees and commission are recognized as income in the same period the loan is approved.

However, the interest income has been recognized as per NRB Guidelines on Interest Income Recognition. The bank has applied carve out on effective interest rate method on loans and advances as issued by ICAN on 2079.04.02.

c. Dividend Income

Dividend is recognised as income when the right to receive the dividend is established. For bonus shares, the numbers of shares alone are increased without any change in the cost price of shares.

d. Net Trading Gain

The Group presents all accrued interest, dividend, unrealized fair value changes and disposal gains or losses in respect of trading assets and liabilities under this head. The Group also presents foreign exchange trading gains or losses arising on foreign exchange buy and sell transactions under trading income.

20. Discounting

Discounting has been applied where assets and liabilities are non-current and the impact of the discounting is material.

21. Significant changes from the policies adopted in the past

There are no changes in accounting policies and methods of computation since the publication of annual financial statements for the year end Ashad 2079 (16 July 2022).

22. Property, plant and equipment (PPE) and Intangible Assets

- a. Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets (software) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (Cost Model)

- b. Land is not depreciated. Depreciation of others is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss on Straight Line method over the useful life of those assets. The estimated useful life of the assets are as follows:

Assets	Estimated Life	Rate of Depreciation
Building	40 years	2.5%
Office equipment	7 years	14.28%
Computers	5 years	20%
Furniture & Fixtures	7 years	14.28%
Vehicles	5 to 7 years	20%/ 14.28%
Intangible Assets/software	5 Years	

- c. Leasehold improvements are capitalised at cost and amortised over period of lease.
- d. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment sold or disposed off during the year is charged up to the date of sales and gain or loss on the sales transaction is accounted for.
- e. Assets with a unit value less than NPR 10,000 are expensed-off during the year of purchase irrespective of its useful life.

23. Investment property

Investment properties are land or building or both other than those classified as property and equipment under NAS 16 – “Property, Plant and Equipment”; and assets classified as non-current assets held for sale under NFRS 5 – “Non-Current Assets Held for Sale & Discontinued Operations”. The Group has recognized as investment property all land or land and building acquired as non-banking assets.

Non-banking assets (only land and building) are initially recognized at fair value. Since it is not intended for owner-occupied use, a depreciation charge is not raised.

24. Retirement Benefits

The Bank offers retirement benefits to its confirmed employee, mainly provident fund, gratuity and accumulated sick leave, all payable at the time of separation from service.

a. Provident fund

Provident fund is recognised at the time of contribution to the fund which is independent to the Bank.

b. Gratuity

Provision for gratuity is made on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by

an Actuary as per the provisions of Nepal Accounting Standards. At the time of separation from service, cash payments are made to the employees and the amount is computed as per the Bank's Policy.

c. *Accumulated sick leave*

Provision for accumulated sick leave is made on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by an Actuary as per the provisions of Nepal Accounting Standards. At the time of separation from service, cash payments are made to the employees and the amount is computed as per the Bank's Policy.

d. *Accumulated home leave*

Provision for accumulated home leave is made on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by an Actuary as per the provisions of Nepal Accounting Standards. At the time of separation from service or eligible accumulated leaves, cash payments are made to the employees and the amount is computed as per the Bank's Policy.

Actuarial Valuation is done on annual basis only.

25. Operating Lease

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor, are classified as operating leases. The Group has applied NFRS 16 – “Leases” w.e.f FY 2078/79. Operating lease ROU assets and lease liabilities are included in other assets and other liabilities respectively.

26. Income Tax

a. Current Income Tax

Provision for current income tax is made in accordance with the provisions of the prevailing Income Tax Act, 2058 and Rules framed there under.

b. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and corresponding tax bases used in the computation provided on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined by using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax related to temporary differences in opening balances is credited or charged directly to equity and subsequent year differences are recognised in the income statement together with the deferred gain or loss.

The Group has not calculated deferred tax for the interim period.

27. Share capital and reserves

The Bank applies NAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation, to determine whether funding is either a financial liability (debt) or equity. Issued financial instruments or their components are classified as liabilities if the contractual arrangement results in the bank having a present obligation to either deliver cash or another financial asset, or a variable number of equity shares, to the holder of the instrument.

28. Stationery

Stationery purchased are stated at cost and charged to revenue at the time of consumption.

29. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The Bank creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of past events that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

30. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed in accordance with NAS 33—Earnings per share by dividing net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For Group basic earnings per share profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity has been considered.

In a capitalisation or bonus issue, ordinary shares are issued to existing shareholders for no additional consideration. Therefore, the number of ordinary shares outstanding is increased without an increase in resources. The number of ordinary shares outstanding before the event is adjusted for the proportionate change in the number of ordinary shares outstanding as if the event had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period presented.

31. Rounding off and Comparative Figures

The financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupees, rounded off to the

nearest thousand. Previous year's figures have been reclassified wherever necessary in order to facilitate comparison. The figures reported in interim financial report are subject to change upon otherwise instructions of statutory auditor and/or regulatory authorities.

32. Segment Information

The Bank is organised for management and reporting purposes into segments such as: Retail, SME & MSME, Corporate, Deprived, Treasury and Others. The Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Income tax is managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments. All transactions between segments are conducted on an arm's length basis, with inter-segment revenue and costs being eliminated in "Others". Support costs are also allocated to Retail, Corporate, SME & MSME, Deprived, Treasury and others based on Management's estimates of the benefits accruing to these segments for the costs incurred. The summarized segmental performance is given below:

a. Information about reporting segment:

NPR in Mio.

Particulars	Retail		SME & MSME		Corporate		Deprived		Treasury		Others		Total	
	Poush End 2079	Poush End 2078	Poush End 2079	Poush End 2078	Poush End 2079	Poush End 2078	Poush End 2079	Poush End 2078	Poush End 2079	Poush End 2078	Poush End 2079	Poush End 2078	Poush End 2079	Poush End 2078
Revenues from external customers	2,849	2,124	4,082	2,626	5,259	3,351	623	435	1,210	812	79	261	14,102	9,609
Intersegment revenues/(Expenses)	3,387	(2,067)	(2,248)	1,366	(857)	285	(442)	290	750	(681)	(590)	807	-	-
Segment profit/(loss) before tax	342	(1,578)	989	2,091	1,489	984	82	381	813	(125)	(1,013)	671	2,701	2,424
Segment assets	37,299	37,592	56,812	50,624	80,138	74,287	10,804	10,398	19,551	70,286	64,981	2,010	269,585	245,197
Segment liabilities	120,589	106,985	3,602	3,515	56,980	63,596	346	398	36,780	33,320	51,288	36,533	269,585	244,347

b. **Reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss:**

NPR in Mio

Particulars	Poush End 2079	Poush End 2078
Total Profit before tax for reportable segments	2,701	2,424
Profit before tax for other segments		
Elimination of intersegment profit		
Elimination of discontinued operation		
Unallocated amount:		
-Other Corporate Expenses	-	-
Profit before tax	2,701	2,424

33.Related Party Disclosures

(a) **Board Member Allowances and Facilities**

The Board of Directors has been paid meeting fees of NPR 526,000 during the interim period. There were 8 Board Meeting conducted during the interim period.

As per 24th AGM held on Poush 24, 2076, the chairperson and other members of the Board are paid NPR. 18,000 and NPR. 16,000 respectively per meeting thereafter.

The Meeting fees paid to different Board Level Committees are as follows:

Board Level Committees	No of Meetings	Meeting Allowance (NPR)
Audit Committee	2	96,000
Risk Management Committee	5	160,000
Human Resource Service Committee	2	-
Assets Laundering Prevention Committee	5	80,000
Other Committee	-	

As per 23rd AGM held on Poush 26, 2075, monthly allowance of NPR 12,000 is paid. The total amount paid as monthly allowances to the board members during the interim period amounted to NPR 437,200.00

The members of the Board as on interim period ended *Poush 2079* are:

- | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|---|
| i) | Mr. Pawan Kumar Golyan | Chairman (Represents Group – Promoter Shareholder) |
| ii) | Mr. Nico Klaas Geradus Pijl | Member (Representative from FMO) |
| iii) | Mr. Jeevan Kumar Katwal | Member (Representative from Employees Provident Fund) |
| iv) | Mr. Yogendra Lal Pradhan | Member (Represents Group – Public Shareholder) |
| v) | Mr. Uttam Bhlon | Member (Represents Group – Public Shareholder) |
| vi) | Mr. Sirish Kumar Murarka | Member (Represents Group – Public |

vii) Ms Bandana Pathak Shareholder)
Independent Director

(b) Loans and Advances extended to Promoters

There are no such loans extended to promoters.

(c) Compensation Details for Key Management Personnel

Key Management Personnel includes members of Executive Committee of the Bank.

S.No	Particulars	Amount
A	Short Term Employee Benefits	37,020,596
B	Post-Employment Benefits	Nil
C	Other Long Term Benefits	Nil
D	Termination Benefits (Gratuity and Sick Leave Encashment)	Nil
E	Share Based Payment	Nil
	Total of Key Management Personnel Compensation	37,020,596

The Salary and benefits paid to CEO for the interim period included above is as follow:

Particulars	Basic Salary	Provident Fund	Allowance	Bonus & Welfare	Other Perquisites	Total Income
C.E.O	4,500,000	450,000	4,250,000	6,336,390	68,048	15,604,438

Apart from details mentioned above, Key management personnel are also provided with the following benefits:

- Benefits as per the Employee Terms of Service By-laws,
- Bonus to staff as per the Bonus Act,
- Vehicle Fuel Expenses and other facilities as per the Bank's Staff Vehicle Scheme.

Existing members of Executive Committee includes:

Mr. Sunil KC	Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Sudesh Upadhyaya	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Govind Ghimire	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Navin Manandhar	Chief Risk Officer
Mr. Pramod Dahal	Chief Operating Officer and Company Secretary
Mr. Roshan Regmi	Chief Officer Retail Banking
Mr. Shreejesh Ghimire	Chief Investment Officer
Dr. Buddhi Malla	Chief Officer - MSME and Subsidy Loans
Mrs. Puspa Aryal	Head Trade Finance

(d) Transaction with Subsidiaries

The intra-group related figures have been excluded for presentation of the financial statement of the Group. The Bank owns three subsidiary companies, NMB Capital Limited, NMB Securities Limited and NMB Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited. NMB Capital and NMB Securities Limited are wholly owned subsidiary whereas the Bank

owns fifty-one percent of the total shares of NMB Laghubitta Bittiye Sanstha. The Related party transactions of subsidiaries are as follows:

Amount in Thousand

S No	Particulars	NMB Capital	NMB Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha	NMB Securities
1	Investment by NMB Bank Ltd.	200,000	172,488	200,000
2	Deposits in NMB Bank Ltd.	523,311	9,487	199,875
3	Borrowing from NMB Bank Ltd.	-	1,200,956	-
4	Interest Payment by NMB Bank Ltd.	4,279	-	-
5	Interest Payment to NMB Bank Ltd.	-	61,517	-
6	Receivables from NMB Securities	-	-	-
7	Rent Payment to NMB Bank Ltd.	1,422	-	-
8	Share Registrar Fee payment by NMB Bank	500	-	-
9	Debenture Trustee Fee payment by NMB Bank	175	-	-
10	Dividend Distribution of NMB Hybrid Fund L - 1 to NMB Bank	32,130	-	-
11	Dividend Distribution of NMB 50 to NMB Bank	37,267	-	-
12	Dividend Distribution by NMB Capital to NMB Bank	40,000		

34.Dividends paid (aggregate or per share) separately for ordinary shares and other shares

The bank has paid cash dividend amounting NPR. 1,515.25 Bio. as per approval from NRB and endorsed by AGM during the interim period.

35.Issues, repurchases and repayments of debt and equity securities

None

36.Events after interim period

There are no such material events after Interim Period Date affecting financial status of the Group.

37.Effect of changes in the composition of the entity during the interim period merger including and acquisition

None